

ICICI HOME FINANCE COMPANY LIMITED

8TH ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2006-2007

Directors

V. Vaidyanathan, *Chairman*
Ashok Alladi
Jayesh Gandhi
Rajiv Sabharwal

Auditors

S.R. Batliboi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Anand Kusre
Chief Executive Officer

Amol Chitnavis
Company Secretary

Registered & Corporate Office

ICICI Bank Towers
Bandra-Kurla Complex
Mumbai - 400 051

directors' report

to the members

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Eighth Annual Report of the Company with the audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended March 31, 2007.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

There is a strong demand for housing in the country. The gap between demand and supply is around 30 million units. Growth in the housing has been one of the major contributors to the economic growth of the country in the recent years. The growth in the housing segment has been primarily due to increase in job creation, growth in average income and double income household, migration of population to urban areas, etc.

Upto March 2006 the change in the interest rate did not have any major impact on the demand for housing loans. However, the increase in the interest rates during 2006-2007 coupled with the increase in the property prices has resulted in slow down in the demand as compared to previous years.

APPROPRIATIONS

The Profit and Loss Account shows profit before taxation of Rs.637.29 million (previous year Rs. 205.38 million) after provision and write off against non performing asset of Rs. (10.86) million (previous year Rs.71.74 million) and after taking into account all expenses including depreciation of Rs.2.92 million (previous year Rs.9.83 million) on fixed assets.

The profit after tax for the year ended March 31, 2007 was Rs.469.65 million (previous year Rs.122.89 million). After taking into account the balance of Rs.48.23 million (previous year Rs.0.08 million) brought forward from the previous year, the disposable profit is Rs. 517.88 million (previous year Rs.139.10 million).

Your Directors have paid an interim dividend of 5.50% in the month of September 2006, 1.75% in the month of December 2006, 1.75% in the month of March 2007 and have appropriated the disposable profit as follows:

	(Rs. in Million)	
	<i>Fiscal 2006</i>	Fiscal 2007
Special Reserve created and maintained in terms of Section 36(1)(viii) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	28.00	177.10
Dividend		
Preference Shares (including tax thereon)	0.02	0.02
Equity Shares (Interim - including tax thereon)	62.86	291.19
Leaving balance to be carried forward to next year	48.22	49.58

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

As required by National Housing Bank, the details of public deposits as on March 31, 2007, are given below:

(i) Number of accounts of unclaimed public deposit :	390
(ii) Amount of unclaimed deposit :	Rs. 10,875,411

The Company has sent reminders to the investors informing that the deposits have matured and requested them to claim the same.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Your Company continued to serve as the focal point for marketing, distribution and servicing of home loan products of ICICI Bank.

Due to the growth of the mortgage market in India and the opportunity of assisting home loan borrowers to identify their dream house, the company ventured into the business of home search. The growth of the Indian economy and the real estate industry also provided an opportunity for venturing into commercial real estate transactions with advisory to corporate and developers in the aforesaid segment.

DIRECTORS

Ashok Alladi and Jayesh Gandhi were appointed as the additional Directors of the Company effective October 18, 2006. Chanda D. Kochhar, Nachiket Mor, K. Ramkumar, Madhabi Puri Buch and Prashant Purker resigned effective December 27, 2006. Consequent to resignation of Chanda D. Kochhar as Director of the Company, V. Vaidyanathan was appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Directors effective December 27, 2006. In terms of the provisions of Section 260 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Jayesh Gandhi and Ashok Alladi hold the office till the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM). The Company has received notices under Section 257 of the Companies Act, 1956, from a member signifying his intention to propose the candidature of Ashok Alladi and Jayesh Gandhi for the office of Director. Further, in terms of Articles of Association of the Company, Rajiv Sabharwal would retire at the ensuing AGM and, being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

AUDITORS

The Auditors, S. R. Batliboi & Co., Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, will retire at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. As recommended by the Audit Committee, the Board, at its Meeting held on April 21, 2007, has proposed their appointment as Auditors to audit the accounts of the Company for fiscal 2008. You are requested to consider their appointment.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Consequent to the resignation of Chanda Kochhar and K. Ramkumar as Directors of the Company, they also ceased to be the Members of the Audit Committee. The Board of Directors have appointed Jayesh Gandhi and Rajiv Sabharwal as the Members of the Audit Committee effective December 27, 2006. The existing Members of Audit Committee are V. Vaidyanathan, Jayesh Gandhi and Rajiv Sabharwal. V. Vaidyanathan is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND EXPENDITURE

During the year under review, foreign exchange earnings were Rs.3,928,400. There was no foreign outgo during the year under review.

PERSONNEL AND OTHER MATTERS

There are no employees within the purview of Section 217(2A) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Particulars of Employees) Rules, 1975.

Since your Company does not own any manufacturing facility, the disclosure of information on other matters required to be disclosed in terms of Section 217(1)(e) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of Board of Directors) Rules, 1988, are not applicable and hence not given.

directors' report



Continued

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors confirm that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- (c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and
- (d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Company is grateful to the National Housing Bank and other regulatory authorities for their support and advice.

The Company would like to express its gratitude for the unstinted support and guidance received from ICICI Bank and its group companies.

The Directors would also like to express their sincere thanks and appreciation to all the employees for their commendable teamwork, exemplary professionalism and enthusiastic contribution during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board

V. VAIDYANATHAN
Chairman

Mumbai, April 21, 2007

auditors' report

to the Members of ICICI Home Finance Company Limited

1. We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of ICICI Home Finance Company Limited (the 'Company') as at March 31, 2007 and also the Profit and Loss account and the cash flow statement for the year ended on that date annexed thereto. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
2. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in India. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 (as amended) issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of the Companies Act, 1956, we enclose in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the said Order.
4. Further to our comments in the Annexure referred to above, we report that:
 - i. We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - ii. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - iii. The balance sheet, profit and loss account and cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - iv. In our opinion, the balance sheet, profit and loss account and cash flow statement dealt with by this report comply with the accounting standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of Section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956.
 - v. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors, as on March 31, 2007, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2007 from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of Section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.
 - vi. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts give the information required by the Companies Act, 1956, in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India;
 - a) in the case of the balance sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2007;
 - b) in the case of the profit and loss account, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
 - c) in the case of cash flow statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

For S. R. BATLIBOI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

per VIREN H. MEHTA
Partner
Membership No.: 048749

Mumbai, April 21, 2007

annexure to the auditors' report

annexure referred to in paragraph [3] of our report of even date

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. As informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) There was no substantial disposal of fixed assets during the year.
- (ii) The Company being a Housing Finance Company, the provisions related to inventories as mentioned in clause (ii) of the said order are not applicable.
- (iii) (a) As informed, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (b) As informed, the Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of fixed assets and for the sale of services. During the course of our audit, no major weakness has been noticed in the internal control system in respect of these areas.
- (v) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, we are of the opinion that there are no transactions which need to be entered into the register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (vi) The Company being a "Housing Finance Company" ('HFC'), sections 58A, 58AA of the Companies Act, 1956 is not applicable.
- (vii) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (viii) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 209 of the Companies Act, 1956 for the products of the Company.
- (ix) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, investor education and protection fund, or employees' state insurance, income-tax, wealth-tax, service tax, cess have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities though there has been a slight delay in a few cases.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed dues in respect of lease tax amounting to Rs. 1,023 thousand which were outstanding at the year end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the dues outstanding of income-tax on account of dispute, are as follows:
- (x) The Company has no accumulated losses at the end of the financial year and it has not incurred cash losses in the current and immediately preceding financial year.
- (xi) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution, bank or debenture holders.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has generally maintained adequate records in cases where the Company has granted loans and advances on the basis of security of its own fixed deposits.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is not a chit fund or a nidhi/mutual benefit fund/society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 (as amended) are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) In respect of dealing/trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, proper records have been maintained of the transactions and contracts and timely entries have been made therein. The shares, securities, debentures and other investments have been held by the Company, in its own name.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from bank or financial institutions.
- (xvi) Based on information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet and cash flow statement of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.
- (xviii) The Company has not made any preferential allotment of shares to parties or companies covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (xix) The Company did not have outstanding debentures during the year.
- (xx) The Company has not raised any money by public issues during the year.
- (xxi) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company was noticed or reported during the year, although there have been few instances of loans becoming doubtful of recovery consequent upon fraudulent misrepresentation by borrowers, the amounts whereof are not material in the context of the size of the Company and the nature of its business and which have been provided for.

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. in 000's)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax demand	25,400	Assessment Year - 2003-2004	CIT (Appeal)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax demand	4,792	Assessment Year - 2004-2005	CIT (Appeal)

For S. R. BATLIBOI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

per VIREN H. MEHTA
a Partner

Membership No.: 048749

Mumbai, April 21, 2007

balance sheet

profit and loss account



as at March 31, 2007

for the year ended March 31, 2007

Schedule		(Rs. in 000's)	March 31, 2006	Schedule		(Rs. in 000's)	March 31, 2006
I SOURCES OF FUNDS				Income			
(1) Shareholders' Funds:				Income from Operations IX 4,351,340 2,881,109			
A. Share Capital	I	2,987,500	2,987,500	Other Income X	91,417	253,624	
B. Reserves and Surplus	II	705,014	526,569		4,442,757	3,134,733	
		3,692,514	3,514,069	Expenditure			
(2) Loan Funds:				Interest, Other Financial			
Unsecured Loans	III	40,866,319	35,915,372	Charges & Expenses on			
		44,558,833	39,429,441	Borrowings XI	3,101,849	2,192,029	
				Employee Cost XII	607,833	522,264	
				Establishment and			
				Other Expenses XIII	2,124,356	2,837,347	
				Depreciation	2,916	9,828	
				Provision / (write back)			
				of contingencies	(5,111)	(4,037)	
				Provision and write off against			
				Non-performing Assets	(10,863)	71,746	
				Provision / (write back)			
				against standard assets	21,586	35,475	
				Preliminary and Share Issue			
				Expenses Written Off	—	9,395	
					5,842,566	5,674,047	
					2,037,096	2,744,694	
					3,805,470	2,929,353	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	
					8,395	10,021	
					61,701	71,974	
					469,653	122,891	
					—	16,132	
					48,230	80	
					517,883	139,103	
					637,287	205,380	
					97,038	—	
					500	494	

schedules

forming part of the Accounts

(Rs. in 000's) March 31,
2006

SCHEDULE - I SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised

685,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (March 2006 – 285,000,000)	6,850,000	2,850,000
15,000,000 Preference Shares of Rs.10 each (March 2006 – 15,000,000)	150,000	150,000
	7,000,000	3,000,000

Issued, Subscribed and Paid up

283,750,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (March 2006 – 283,750,000)	2,837,500	2,837,500
15,000,000 – 0.01% Fully Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up (March 2006 – 15,000,000) – Refer Note 2 (a) of Notes to Accounts	150,000	150,000
	2,987,500	2,987,500

- Notes : 1. 43,750,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up issued to shareholders of ICICI Distribution Finance Private Limited on amalgamation
2. All shares are held by ICICI Bank Limited, the holding company and its nominees

SCHEDULE - II RESERVES AND SURPLUS

General Reserve

As per Last Balance Sheet	106,393	21,484
Add : On amalgamation of ICICI Distribution Finance Private Limited	—	84,909
	106,393	106,393

Special Reserve created and maintained in terms of Section 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

As per Last Balance Sheet	371,946	343,946
Add : Transferred from Profit & Loss Account	177,098	28,000
	549,044	371,946

Surplus in Profit and Loss Account

	49,577	48,230
	705,014	526,569

SCHEDULE - III UNSECURED LOANS

Loans from Holding Company – Subordinated debts (Due within a year Rs. Nil, March 2006 - Rs. Nil)	1,199,445	1,199,445
Loans from Banks (Due within a year Rs.6,494,047,619, March 2006 - Rs.12,938,492,063)	33,510,814	33,539,583
Loan from National Housing Bank (Refinance) (Due within a year Rs.68,312,000, March 2006 - Rs.600,000,000)	68,312	668,312
Commercial Paper (maximum outstanding during the year : Rs.4,750,000,000, March 2006 - Rs.Nil)	3,750,000	—
Less : Unamortised interest	138,624	—
Fixed Deposits {includes deposits from banks Rs.10,000,000 (March 2006 - Rs.260,000,000) and from corporates Rs.140,162,000 (March 2006 - Rs.12,087,000)}, (Due within a year Rs.571,706,000, March 2006 - Rs.410,349,219)	2,476,372	508,032
	40,866,319	35,915,372

SCHEDULE - IV FIXED ASSETS

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Gross Block			At March 31, 2007	At April 01, 2006	Depreciation		Net Block		
	At April 01, 2006	Additions	Deductions			For the year	Adjust- ments/ deductions	At March 31, 2007	At March 31, 2007	At March 31, 2006
Computer	16,676	—	—	16,676	15,153	1,258	573	15,838	838	1,523
Software	1,755	—	—	1,755	1,172	352	—	1,524	231	583
Office Equipments	1,394	—	—	1,394	274	39	—	313	1,081	1,120
Motor Car (Operating Lease)	16,534	—	7,673	8,861	5,825	1,219	3,093	3,951	4,910	10,709
Furniture	1,220	—	—	1,220	326	48	—	374	846	894
Total	37,579	—	7,673	29,906	22,750	2,916	3,666	22,000	7,906	14,829
Previous year	91,005	—	53,426	37,579	46,825	9,828	33,903	22,750	14,829	—

schedules

	(Rs. in 000's)	March 31, 2006	(Rs. in 000's)	March 31, 2006
SCHEDULE - V				
INVESTMENTS - (FULLY PAID UP)				
Long Term Investments (Non-Trade) (at Cost)				
Equity Shares - Quoted				
Nil (March 2006 - 94,579) shares of Rs. 10 each of IBP Limited	—	58,639		
Government Securities - Quoted				
364 Day T-Bill (Face value - Rs. 156,475,000; March 2006 - Rs. 20,000,000)	149,524	19,225		
Current Investments				
Liquid Plan (Unquoted)				
Prudential ICICI Mutual Fund	222,174	93,946		
	<u>371,698</u>	<u>171,810</u>		
Market value of Quoted Investments	149,505	72,336		
Repurchase price of Mutual Fund Units	222,354	94,002		
Statement of Mutual Fund Units Purchased and Sold during the year				
Opening Balance	9,200	11,629		
Purchased	1,781,839	968,970		
Sold	1,770,783	971,399		
Closing Balance	<u>20,256</u>	<u>9,200</u>		
SCHEDULE - VI				
LOANS AND OTHER CREDIT FACILITIES (SECURED) (Refer note 2(f) & 2(n))				
Housing Loans	37,469,402	32,154,003		
Non-Housing Loans	5,830,364	5,977,537		
	<u>43,299,766</u>	<u>38,131,540</u>		
Considered Good	43,225,246	38,065,447		
Considered Doubtful	74,519	66,093		
Less: Provisions	74,519	66,093		
	<u>43,225,246</u>	<u>38,065,447</u>		
SCHEDULE - VII				
CURRENT ASSETS, LOANS AND ADVANCES				
A. Current Assets:				
Interest accrued on loans	599,946	232,163		
Interest accrued on deposits	2,121	4,217		
	<u>602,067</u>	<u>236,380</u>		
B. Cash and bank balances:				
Balances with scheduled banks				
– in current accounts	67,281	212,047		
– in deposit accounts	160,000	120,869		
	<u>227,281</u>	<u>332,916</u>		
C. Loans and Advances: (Unsecured, considered good unless Otherwise stated)				
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received*				
Considered Good	539,826	928,969		
Considered Doubtful	—	29,008		
Less: Provisions	—	29,008		
	<u>539,826</u>	<u>928,969</u>		
Deposits	184,808	172,639		
Advance income tax	795,915	675,774		
* Refer Note 2(m) in Notes to Accounts				
	<u>1,520,549</u>	<u>1,777,382</u>		
SCHEDULE - VIII				
CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS				
A. Current liabilities:				
Sundry creditors (other than Small Scale Inds. Undertaking)	101,113	145,918		
Interest accrued but not due on loans	61,651	44,527		
Other liabilities	311,725	280,634		
	<u>474,489</u>	<u>471,079</u>		
B. Provisions:				
Provision for tax	669,954	554,950		
Provision for gratuity & other staff benefits	78,019	53,639		
Provision for Contingencies	204,042	209,403		
Other provisions*	122,467	95,010		
Proposed dividend**	17	17		
	<u>1,074,499</u>	<u>913,019</u>		
* Includes provision for standard assets Rs. 116,595,688 (March 2006 – Rs. 95,009,682)				
** Includes corporate dividend tax payable Rs. 2,104 (March 2006 – Rs. 2,104)				
SCHEDULE - IX				
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS				
Interest income	3,566,765	2,314,114		
Income from securitisation of loans	5,374	20,314		
Fee income	779,201	546,681		
	<u>4,351,340</u>	<u>2,881,109</u>		
SCHEDULE - X				
OTHER INCOME				
Interest received (Gross, Tax deducted at source Rs. 59,364,793; March 2006 – Rs. 44,276,652)	10,579	212,248		
Profit on sale of mutual fund units	80,649	36,301		
Dividend income	189	946		
Miscellaneous income	—	4,128		
Profit on sale of long term investment	—	1		
	<u>91,417</u>	<u>253,624</u>		
SCHEDULE - XI				
INTEREST, OTHER FINANCIAL CHARGES & EXPENSES ON BORROWINGS				
Interest	3,038,572	2,184,316		
Finance and other charges	63,277	7,713		
	<u>3,101,849</u>	<u>2,192,029</u>		
SCHEDULE - XII				
EMPLOYEE COST				
Salaries, Wages and Bonus	531,831	445,835		
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	59,114	67,391		
Staff Welfare Expenses	16,888	9,038		
	<u>607,833</u>	<u>522,264</u>		
SCHEDULE - XIII				
ESTABLISHMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES				
Advertisement & Sales Promotion	130,413	224,892		
Customer acquisition	1,043,569	1,359,424		
Professional and legal charges	346,826	697,452		
Rent	133,724	99,237		
Communication	93,288	143,125		
Travelling and conveyance	7,432	23,161		
Loss on sale of fixed assets / Written Off	2,629	18,939		
Printing and stationery	38,233	56,382		
Audit fees	1,461	1,123		
Insurance	389	883		
Electricity	62,375	61,434		
Rates & Taxes	12,998	7,542		
Repairs & maintenance – others	43,510	35,017		
Office expenses	86,089	41,933		
Director sitting fees	45	—		
Loss on sale of long term investment	17,670	—		
Miscellaneous expenses	103,705	66,803		
	<u>2,124,356</u>	<u>2,837,347</u>		

SCHEDULE - XIV

NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

1. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the mandatory Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the directions issued by the National Housing Bank (NHB) and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company.

b) Revenue Recognition

Interest Income / fees on housing loan is accounted for on accrual basis, other than interest on non-performing assets and charges for delayed payments and cheque bouncing, if any, which is accounted for on cash basis.

Dividend is accounted on an accrual basis when the right to receive the dividend is established.

c) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value, category-wise. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

Cost such as brokerage, commission etc., pertaining to investment, paid at the time of acquisition, are included in investment cost.

d) Provisions/write-offs on loans and other credit facilities

i) Loans and other credit facilities are classified as per the NHB guidelines, into performing and non-performing assets. Further non-performing assets are classified into sub standard, doubtful and loss assets based on criteria stipulated by NHB. Additional provisions are made against specific non performing assets over and above what is stated above, if in the opinion of the management, increased provisions are necessary.

ii) The Company maintains general provisions to cover potential credit losses which are inherent in any loan portfolio but not identified. For standard assets, additional general provisions are determined having regard to overall portfolio quality, asset growth, economic conditions and other risk factors.

e) Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

f) Depreciation

Depreciation on assets is charged on Straight Line Method at the rates prescribed in Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956, except in case of Computer Software where depreciation is provided @ 20% per annum which is higher than the depreciation rate for Computers prescribed in Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956.

g) Retirement Benefits

i) Retirement benefits in the form of Provident Fund and Pension Schemes are charged to the Profit & Loss Account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective trusts.

ii) Gratuity liability under the Payment of Gratuity Act and provision for leave encashment is accrued and provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year.

h) Income Tax

Tax expense comprises of current, deferred and fringe benefit taxes. Current income- tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

i) Transfer and Servicing of Financial Assets

The Company transfers loans to a bankruptcy remote Special Purpose Vehicles through a securitization transactions. The transferred loans are derecognized from the books of the Company and gains/losses are recorded, only if the Company surrenders the rights to benefits specified in the loan contract. Credit provisions and servicing obligations are debited separately to the Profit & Loss account. Retained beneficial interest in the loan is measured by allocating the carrying values of the loans between the assets sold and retained interest, based on the relative fair value measured at the date of securitisation. The carrying value of the retained beneficial interest is estimated at each reporting period end based on the forecasted cash flows from the assets securitised after adjusting for projected delinquencies, prepayments, etc. The resultant gains/ losses, if any, are recorded in to the Profit and Loss account.

j) Accounting for Swaps

The Company enters into derivative contracts such as interest rate swaps to hedge on balance sheet assets and liabilities. The swap contracts entered to hedge on balance assets and liabilities are structured such that they bear an opposite and offsetting impact with the underlying on-balance sheet items. The impact of such derivative instruments are correlated with the movements of the underlying assets and liabilities and accounted pursuant to the principles of hedge accounting whereby interest differential received/ paid is adjusted from /to interest expenses. The related amount receivable from and payable to the swap counter parties is included in the Other Assets or Other Liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

k) Impairment

i) The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/ external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

ii) After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over its remaining useful life.

l) Provision

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on management estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

2. Notes to accounts

a) The Preference Shares for Rs.15 crores were allotted on March 14, 2002 and are convertible into equity shares at the option of the Preference Shareholder after completion of one year but before completion of seven years from the date of allotment in the ratio of 1:1. However, the said Preference Shares shall be compulsorily and automatically convertible into one Fully Paid-up Equity Share of Rs.10 each for every one Preference Share of Rs.10 held on March 14, 2009.

b) Home Loans given by the Company are secured by the underlying property.

schedules

- c) **Deferred Tax**
The composition of deferred tax assets and liabilities into major items is given below:

Particulars	(Rs. in 000's)	
	As on March 31, 2007	As on March 31, 2006
Deferred tax assets:		
Provision for doubtful debts & future servicing and other liability of securitization	135,564	133,879
Loss as per Taxable Income	—	72,133
Retirement Benefits	16,163	10,212
Less: Deferred tax liability:		
Depreciation	(1,347)	1,450
Net Deferred tax asset	153,074	214,774

- d) **Contingent Liability**
Income Tax matters in appeals Rs. 30,192 thousand (March 2006 – Rs. 15,342 thousand).
- e) Commitment towards part disbursement of sanctions is amounting to Rs. 2,351 thousand (March 2006 – Rs. 13,280 thousand).
- f) Loans and other credit facilities includes subordinated interest of Rs. 378,348 thousand (March 2006 – Rs. 412,798 thousand) in the underlying trust property of housing loans of Mortgage Backed Securitisation Trust Series VI & VII.
- g) During the year, the company has paid Rs. 2 thousand as penalty to National Housing Bank for exceeding the borrowing limit as on March 31, 2005, as stated in paragraph 3(3) of the Housing Finance Companies (NHB) Directions, 2001.
- h) Details for the future lease rental receivable in respect of operating lease.

Particulars	(Rs. in 000's)	
	As on March 31, 2007	As on March 31, 2006
Not later than one year	Nil	1,548
Later than one year but not later than five years	Nil	Nil
Later than five years	Nil	Nil

- i) **Earnings Per Share**
The computation of earnings per share is given below:

Particulars	(Rs. in 000's)	
	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
BASIC		
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year (Nos. in thousand)	283,750	184,024
Net Profit	469,638	139,008
Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.) annualised	1.66	0.76
DILUTED		
Diluted number of Equity Shares (Nos. in thousand)	298,750	199,024
Net Profit	469,668	139,023
Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.) - annualised	1.57	0.70
Nominal value of Equity Shares (Rs.)	10	10

Note : The dilutive impact is due to Convertible Preference Shares.

- j) **Segment Information**
The parent of the Company i.e. ICICI Bank Limited presents both consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statement in a single financial report. Hence there are no separate disclosure of the reportable segments required in the financials of the Company as per the Accounting Standard on 'Segment Reporting' (AS-17), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

- k) Interest expenses includes Rs. 164,961 thousand (March 2006 – Rs. 51,770 thousand) being (gain)/ loss booked on the interest rate swaps (IRS). The notional principal of hedge IRS as on March 31, 2007 is Rs. 7,250,000 thousand (March 2006 – Rs. 9,250,000 thousand). During the period, the Company has not entered into any trading IRS transactions.

- l) The Company has been providing for gratuity and leave encashment based on actuarial valuation. In current year, the Company has gone for early adoption of the AS-15 (Revised 2005). Accordingly the company has provided for gratuity and leave encashment based on actuarial valuation done as per Projected Unit Credit Method and Projected Accrued Benefit Method respectively. This change is not having material impact on the profit for the current year.

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

The Company has provided leave encashment benefits to the employees. These benefits are unfunded.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the profit and loss account and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans.

Profit and Loss account

Net employee benefit expense (recognised in Employee Cost):

Gratuity	(Rs. in 000's)
Year ended March 31, 2007	
Current service cost	17,012
Interest cost on benefit obligation	1,557
Expected return on plan assets	(582)
Net actuarial(gain) / loss recognised in the year	(13,257)
Past service cost	—
Net benefit expense	4,730
Actual return on plan assets	583

Balance Sheet

Details of Provision for gratuity and leave encashment :

	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	As on March 31, 2007	As on March 31, 2006	As on March 31, 2007	As on March 31, 2006
	Defined benefit obligation	(25,437)	(20,124)	—
Fair value of plan assets	10,890	4,036	—	—
	(14,547)	(16,088)	—	—
Less: Unrecognised past service cost				
	—	—	—	—
Plan asset / (liability)	(14,547)	(16,088)	(33,472)	(14,338)

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Gratuity	(Rs. in 000's)
Year ended March 31, 2007	
Opening defined benefit obligation	20,124
Interest cost	1,557
Current service cost	17,012
Benefits paid	—
Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	(13,256)
Closing defined benefit obligation	25,437

Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

Gratuity	(Rs. in 000's)
Year ended March 31, 2007	
Opening fair value of plan assets	4,036
Expected return	582
Contributions by employer	6,271
Benefits paid	—
Actuarial gains / (losses)	1
Closing fair value of plan assets	10,890

schedules

forming part of the Accounts

Continued

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

Gratuity		
	As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>
	%	%
Investments with insurer Managed Funds	100%	<i>100%</i>

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

The principal assumptions used in determining Gratuity obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>	As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>
%	%	%	%
Discount rate	8.35%	<i>7.75%</i>	8.35%
Expected rate of return on assets	7.50%	<i>7.50%</i>	—
Increase in Compensation cost	7.00%	<i>7.00%</i>	7.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

	One percentage point increase	One percentage point decrease
Effect on the aggregate of the service cost and interest cost	Not determined	Not determined
Effect on defined benefit obligation	Not determined	Not determined

Gratuity		
	(Rs. in 000's)	
	As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>
Defined benefit obligation	(25,437)	<i>(20,124)</i>
Plan assets	10,890	<i>4,036</i>
Surplus / (deficit)	(14,547)	<i>(16,088)</i>
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	Not determined	<i>Not determined</i>
Experience adjustments on plan assets	Not determined	<i>Not determined</i>

Leave Encashment		
	(Rs. in 000's)	
	As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>
Defined benefit obligation	(33,472)	<i>(14,338)</i>
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	Not determined	<i>Not determined</i>

m) Related Party Disclosure

The Company being a finance company, the transactions with related parties in the normal course of business have not been disclosed. The following are the details of transactions with related parties:

(Rs. in 000's)			
Name	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	<i>Year ended March 31, 2006</i>
Holding Company	A. Transaction during the year		
	Rent paid	38	<i>1,795</i>
	Staff Costs	24,489	<i>4,441</i>
	Miscellaneous Expenses	8,717	<i>2,188</i>
	Interest and other finance expenses	314,823	<i>100,788</i>
	Bank Guarantee Comm.	8,692	<i>7,790</i>
	Management Fees	713,833	<i>529,769</i>
	Expenses recovered	2,266,467	<i>2,744,693</i>
	Interest Income on fixed deposits	6,511	<i>200,888</i>
	Purchase of housing loan Portfolio	13,171,403	<i>37,711,022</i>
	Sell down of housing loan portfolio	—	<i>18,307,726</i>
	Dividend – Equity Shares	255,375	<i>55,125</i>
	Dividend – Preference Shares	15	<i>15</i>
	B. Outstanding Balances		
	Bank Balance (including interest accrued on fixed deposits)	223,004	<i>306,406</i>
Amount recoverable on account of expenses	386,664	<i>908,915</i>	
Unsecured loan	1,199,445	<i>1,199,445</i>	
Amount payable on account of expenses (Including interest accrued but not due on unsecured loans)	107,435	<i>41,246</i>	
Fellow Subsidiaries	Insurance Premium	37,070	<i>65,966</i>
	Property Service Group fee	3,596	<i>—</i>

(i) Holding Company: ICICI Bank Limited

(ii) Fellow Subsidiaries: ICICI Venture Funds Management Company Limited, ICICI Securities Limited, ICICI International Limited, ICICI Trusteeship Services Limited, ICICI Investment Management Company Limited, ICICI Securities Holdings Inc., ICICI Securities Inc., ICICI Bank UK Plc., ICICI Bank Canada, ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company Limited, ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited, Prudential ICICI Asset Management Company Limited, Prudential ICICI Trust Limited, ICICI Securities Primary Dealership Limited and ICICI Bank Eurasia Limited Liability Company.

(iii) Key Management Personnel: Anand Kusre, CEO

n) (i) Loans and other credit facilities includes:

(Rs. in 000's)		
Particulars	As on March 31, 2007	<i>As on March 31, 2006</i>
Outstanding for more than six months		
Considered Good	55,235	<i>37,228</i>
Considered Doubtful	58,263	<i>65,180</i>
	113,498	<i>102,408</i>
Other Debts		
Considered Good	43,170,011	<i>38,026,301</i>
Considered Doubtful	16,256	<i>2,831</i>
	43,186,267	<i>38,029,132</i>
Total	43,299,765	<i>38,131,540</i>

schedules



forming part of the Accounts

Continued

(ii) Disclosures of provisions for assets

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Sub-Standards Assets		Doubtful Assets		Loss Assets	
	As on	As on	As on	As on	As on	As on
	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006	March 31, 2007	March 31, 2006
Housing	6,157	(337)	9,544	11,715	53,258	48,546
Non-Housing	77	5,840	5,483	329	—	—
Total	6,234	5,503	15,027	12,044	53,258	48,546

o) Disclosure of Provision for contingencies

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
Servicing expenses provision on loans securitized		
Opening Balance	10,848	13,027
Utilisations / (write back)	(5,111)	(2,179)
Closing Balance	5,737	10,848
Provision for delinquencies, prepayment and conversion risk on loans securitized		
Opening Balance	198,305	686,257
Additions	4,619	—
Utilisations / (write back)	(4,619)	(487,952)
Closing Balance	198,305	198,305

Provision for servicing expenses of loans securitised is done upfront by the Company. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company assesses the servicing liability of securitised pool and differential amounts are written back or provided for in the books of account. The provision of the delinquencies and conversion risk as well as provision for prepayment risk on the loan portfolio sold by the Company is also made upfront and reduced from the gross capital gains on the securitisation transaction. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company assesses the delinquencies, prepayment and conversion risk of securitised pool and differential amounts are written back/ provided in the books of account.

p) Managerial Remuneration

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
Salary	1,200	400
Cont. to Provident & Other Funds	—	—
Perquisites	—	—
Total	1,200	400

q) Auditors' remuneration (including service tax)

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
Statutory Audit fees	730	661
Tax audit fees	112	110
Certification and other charges	618	351
Total	1,460	1,122

r) The Company has recovered the following common expenses (as per the sharing arrangement) from ICICI Bank Limited:

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
Employee cost	26,831	50,116
Advertisement & Sales Promotion	127,601	216,382
Customer acquisition	1,035,542	1,307,981
Professional and legal charges	321,737	654,964
Rent	131,055	95,482
Communication	90,014	137,709
Travelling and conveyance	6,728	22,285
Printing & stationery	53,830	54,248
Insurance	145	849
Electricity	61,218	59,109
Rates & Taxes	12,723	7,256
Repairs & maintenance – others	62,682	33,692
Miscellaneous expenses	106,990	104,621
Service Tax	229,371	—
Total	2,266,467	2,744,694

s) Earnings in Foreign Currency

(Rs. in 000's)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2007	Year ended March 31, 2006
Fee Income	3,928	—

t) Figures of the previous year have been regrouped to conform to the current period's presentation.

For and on behalf of the Board

V. VAIDYANATHAN
Chairman

RAJIV SABHARWAL
Director

ANAND KUSRE
Chief Executive Officer

AMOL CHITNAVIS
Company secretary

cash flow statement

for the year ended March 31, 2007

March 31,
2006

(Rs. in 000's)

A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities :		
Profit before taxation and exceptional items	637,287	224,871
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation / Amortisation (net of write back)	2,344	9,828
Provision for contingencies	(5,111)	(4,037)
Provision / (write back) against standard assets	21,586	35,475
Loss on sale of fixed assets/Written Off	2,629	18,939
Provision and write off against Non-performing Assets	(10,863)	71,746
Profit on sale of long term investments	—	(1)
Loss on sale of long term investments	17,670	—
Interest received	(10,579)	(212,248)
Dividend Income	(189)	(946)
Miscellaneous Expenditure written/off	—	9,395
Servicing Liability written back	—	(1,542)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	654,774	151,479
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Trade and Other Receivables	11,286	542,869
Trade Payables and Other Liabilities	33,411	(536,503)
Loans given (net)	(5,148,936)	(14,093,332)
Cash generated from Operations	(4,449,464)	(13,935,487)
Income Taxes paid	(111,070)	(129,937)
Net cash from Operating Activities - A	(4,560,534)	(14,065,424)
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities :		
Purchase of fixed assets	—	—
Sale of fixed assets	1,951	618
Purchase of Investments	(149,524)	(19,226)
Sale of Investments	60,195	71,257
Dividend Income	189	946
Interest received	10,579	212,248
Net cash from Investing Activities - B	(76,610)	265,843
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities :		
Issuance of the Equity Shares	—	1,000,000
Dividend and dividend tax	(291,208)	(62,895)
Proceeds from borrowings (net)	4,950,946	8,706,187
Net Cash used in Financing Activities - C	4,659,738	9,643,292
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	22,594	(4,156,289)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at beginning	426,862	4,583,149
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at end	449,456	426,862

Notes :

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents consists of :

A. Bank balances

I) Current Accounts

II) Deposit Accounts

B. Investments in mutual fund units

67,282 212,047

160,000 120,869

222,174 93,946

449,456 426,862

2. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in AS - 3 on "Cash Flow Statements " issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Schedule referred to above and the notes to accounts form an integral part of Cash Flow Statement

As per our report of even date

For S.R. BATLIBOI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

per VIREN H. MEHTA
a Partner
Membership No.: 048749

Mumbai, April 21, 2007

AMOL CHITNAVIS
Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board

V. VAIDYANATHAN
Chairman

RAJIV SABHARWAL
Director

ANAND KUSRE
Chief Executive Officer

